

D3.1 | PORTFOLIO OF KEY R&I ASSETS



Madeira Regional Directorate of Environment and Sea



REMORA 2024 - 2027

Information

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|---------------------------|--|--|--|
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| | Ocean Sciences for OOM, CITEB and OKEANOS | | |
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| | value | | |
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Document revision history

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| 0.2 | 10/03/2025 | Draft sent to contributors |
| 0.3 | 25/03/2025 | Draft sent to partners for the 1st revision |
| 0.4 | 30/04/2025 | Integration of final contributions from partners |
| 1.0 | 06/05/2025 | Validated by SC members |

This portfolio presents a consolidated overview of the scientific assets and strategic positioning of REMORA's three research organizations — the Regional R&I Center for the development of Blue Economy in La Reunion (CITEB), the Marine Science Institute of the University of the Azores (OKEANOS), and the Oceanic Observatory of Madeira (OOM) — in the fields of marine and ocean sciences.

Developed as part of a coordinated effort to design a knowledgebased internationalization strategy and contribute meaningfully to the European Research Area (ERA), the portfolio synthesizes the outcomes of a multi-step process involving:

portfolio

Executive Summary

A state-of-play analysis of R&I trends and challenges in the Marine science domains by expert seminars

Mapping of resources and outputs for each research entity infrastructure, (e.g. ecosystems, equipment, human resources, funding, publications, IP).

Identification of EU-added value fields, drawn from shared assessments discussed in a dedicated workshop.

Serving both as a strategic tool and a communication asset, the highlights the distinctive strengths and internationalization potential of each partner.

It will support targeted networking, policy influence, and dissemination activities under WP3 (Networking), WP4 (Synergies), and WP5 (Communication & Dissemination).

"Geographically distant,

scientifically vital: the Outermost

regions inspiring Europe's ocean

research & innovation"

REMORA Small fishes in a big pond

Discover how we advance Global Ocean Science

& Policy









Why outermost region matter

Together La Reunion, Madeira and the Azores span over key maritime zones across the Indian and Atlantic Oceans, offering unique opportunities for advancements in marine research, technologies and innovations.

Their geostrategic location, distinctive marine ecosystems and dynamic R&I communities position these islands as living labs to understand, protect and use wisely coastal and oceanic ecosystems.

"Strategically Positioned for Global Impact"



Why outermost regions matter

The future of marine research and sustainable ocean management depends on innovative solutions and strategic partnerships.

The outermost regions of La Réunion, Madeira, and the Azores offer a unique testbed for advancing marine research and conservation, ocean observation, blue economy technologies, and climate resilience. These regions are positioned to drive scientific and economic advancements with world-class research facilities, extensive Exclusive Economic Zones (EEZs), and dynamic R&I ecosystems.

This portfolio presents key assets and collaboration opportunities for researchers, policymakers, and entrepreneurs seeking cutting-edge ocean innovation.



3 regions, many possibilities!





- Ocean



Azores

Archipelago of 9 volcanic islands located in North Atlantic

EEZ : 1 million km² | total land area : 2,346 km² Junction of Eurasian, North American & African tectonic Plates Marine Protected Areas representing 30% of the EEZ, one of the largest conservation networks in the Atlantic. Three UNESCO Biosphere Reserves

Madeira

Archipelago of 4 islands in the Eastern North Atlantic Ocean EEZ: 446,000 km² | total land area: 801 km² Formed by hotspot volcanic activity 70% of Madeira's land area is protected, including the Laurisilva Forest (UNESCO World Heritage Site)

La Réunion

Volcanic island in the Western Indian Ocean, part of the Mascarene Archipelago EEZ : 316,000 km² | total land area : 2,512 km² Formed by the Réunion hotspot, home to Piton de la Fournaise, one of the most active volcanoes on Earth 42% of the island is a UNESCO World Heritage Site

The Azores: An Observatory for North Atlantic Open **Ocean and Deep-Sea Environments**

An Oceanic Crossroads & large Exclusive Economic Zone

- the subtropical convergence
- 0 tectonic axis at the Azores

Unique Deep-Sea Ecosystems

- 0
- 0

Marine Conservation & Blue Economy

- 0 biodiversity goals
- 0 planning

Advanced Ocean Monitoring & Research

- 0

An ecological ecotone between temperate and subtropical marine biomes, influenced by the Azores Current, a southern branch of the Gulf Stream and

1 million km2 EEZ define by 9 islands located along 600 km on a SE NW

Deep seafloor at the Azores Plateau crossed by the Mid-Atlantic Ridge, and interspersed by over 450 seamounts, and island slopes Home to high diverse cold-water corals habitats, deep and shallow hydrothermal vents, revealing extremophile life and biodiversity.

One of the largest MPAs networks in the North Atlantic, supporting EU

Leader in marine conservation, sustainable fisheries and maritime spatial

Hosts the 50 years old marine research institute (OKEANOS, UAç), the AIR Centre and a new investment on a marine technopole and research vessel, driving international ocean science cooperation Integrated in EMSO, EMBRC, and several international European and global

marine research and climate networks, initiatives and agencies.

Madeira: A Living Lab for Ocean & Climate Science

Key Position in the Eastern Atlantic

- Crucial for ocean warming, salinity shifts & climate-driven ecosystem changes
- Natural platform for open-ocean research, maritime security, and weather forecasting

Cutting-Edge Marine Research & Monitoring

- Hosts the Madeira Ocean Observatory (OOM)
- Collaboration with ESA and Copernicus Marine Service

Biodiversity Hotspot & Blue Economy Innovation

- Home to endemic species, deep-sea habitats, and Macaronesian seamounts
- Leader in sustainable aquaculture, marine biotech, and renewable energies

Climate Resilience & Coastal Adaptation

- Living lab for sea-level rise, coastal erosion, and marine heatwaves.
- Pioneers nature-based solutions for island sustainability



La Réunion: A centre of excellence for the sustainable management of tropical marine socio-ecosystems

- 0
- Remarkable endemism 0

Sustainable Blue Economy

- 0
- 0

- 0 ecosystem
- 0

Strategic Position in the Indian Ocean

- 0 governance
- 0

Marine biodiversity observation & conservation Hosts a fringing coral reef ecosystem sensitive to human impacts

Tropical resources management and exploitation Lab for innovative biotechnologies Marine spatial planning in the South West of Indian Ocean

Case study for land-sea continuum and ocean connectivity Key site to understand the impacts of extreme events (heavy rains, cyclones, swell) and the vulnerability of the marine socio-

An ever-growing population that generates continuous pressures Rapid land-sea flows due to volcanic topography of the island

Key position for Indo-Pacific biodiversity research & ocean

Strategic base for austral and arctic territories exploration Part of the Western Indian Ocean Marine Science Association

Added value for EU partners













Governance solutions for marine ecosystems



In the Atlantic and Indian oceans, the Azores, La Réunion and Madeira provide direct access to an exclusive economic zone of 1,7 million km² representing a vast area of European waters. Their unique oceanic island ecosystems, deep-sea habitats, and emblematic species, combined with extensive research capacities make these islands perfect monitoring and testing sites for marine and environmental research.

Their significance extends beyond their immediate regions. As the world grapples with biodiversity loss, climate change, and the need for sustainable blue economies, the research, innovation, and governance models developed in the Azores, Madeira, and La Réunion offer valuable insights and approaches that can be adapted and transposed to other marine environments.

Global Biodiversity Hotspots



The geographic position and volcanic origins of the Azores, La Réunion and Madeira support diversified habitats – coastal rocky and coral reefs, hydrothermal vents and other island associated habitats and environments, vast pelagic and deep-sea ecosystems, seamounts, ridges and hydrothermal vents, home of many endemic and endangered species. Through the years, the characterization and long-term monitoring of these marine biodiversity hotspots has led to the development of a large body data, knowledge and innovative approaches (including the use of e-DNA, biologging and ocean remote sensing technologies) to assess the environmental processes and health of these systems, the impacts of global challenges and the effectiveness of conservation measures.

- Initiative 1 by OOM (Madeira) : MSM126 "Jellyweb Madeira" 2024 : onboard vessel RV MARIA S. MERIAN, from Madeira to Gran > Canaria, in partnership with GEOMAR Kiel (Germany), University of Southern Denmark, Smithsonian Museum of Natural History (USA), University of Hamburg (Germany). Focus Area: Marine habitats around Madeira at depths between 50m and 4,000m. CORDECA and **CORCEIRA biodiversity monitoring**: Monitoring the marine biodiversity in two artificial reefs, the former Portuguese Navy ships corvette General Pereira d'Eça (CORDECA) and NRP Afonso Cerqueira (CORCEIRA) @ Contact: oomteam@arditi.pt
- Initiative 2 by OKEANOS (Azores): EEZ scale deep-sea bathymetric and optical mapping of Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems, such as > deepwater coral and sponge habitats and associated species (fishes and invertebrates). @ Contact: Telmo Morato, Marina Carreiro-Silva
- Initiative 3 by CITEB (La Réunion): Tracking pelagic biodiversity using pelagic top predators such as tuna, swordfish and sharks as > biological samplers. Characterisation of pelagic biodiversity, mapping presence of rare and potentially new species in the South West Indian Ocean. @Contact: evgeny.romanov@citeb.re



Oceanic & climate change observatories



Understanding the dynamics and interactions of ocean and earth systems constitutes a major area of expertise in the Azores, La Réunion, and Madeira. Distributed in-situ observatories coupled with powerful computing infrastructures provide long-term data series on physical and biogeochemical conditions of both coastal and offshore environments, as well as on ocean currents.

Part of the Copernicus Marine Environment Monitoring Service and European Ocean Observing System, They also contribute to global climate models, notably by studying the impact of ocean warming, acidification and extreme weather patterns.

- > Initiative 1 by OKEANOS (Azores): Mesocosmos experimental research at DeepSea Lab on the impacts of climate change on deepwater corals as models. @ Contact: Marina Carreiro-Silva, OKEANOS and IMAR.
- > Initiative 2 by OOM (Madeira) : Selvagens islands 50 years >: OOM was invited to take part in this expedition, which had the strategic objective of being a forum for discussion and reflection carried out on the spot, the main output of which was the creation of the PMS monitoring programme. @ Contact: <u>oomteam@arditi.pt</u>
- > Initiative 3 by OKEANOS (Azores): Long-term monitoring programs of oceanic and coastal marine biodiversity, fisheries and pollution. @ Contact: Miguel Machete, Gui Menezes, Frédéric Vandeperre, Pedro Afonso, Inês Martins, Christopher Pham, OKEANOS Institute and IMAR at the University of the Azores.



Small scale marine technologies



To explore offshore and deep-sea areas with limited financial resources, the Azores, La Réunion and Madeira have developed cost-effective alternatives to large research vessels.

These include autonomous, unmanned vehicles, environmental DNA analysis, acoustic sensors, image sensors, as well as biological monitoring (notably with marine turtles equipped with satellite tags containing environmental sensors to observe oceanic physical conditions).

- > Initiative 1 by OOM (Madeira): Campaign 2024 in the Southern coast of Madeira Island: In partnership with the Hydrographic Institute of the Portuguese Navy and using several assets, such as the Observatório I (RHIB), Drix (unmanned surface vehicle), subbottom profiler, rosette, auto-analyzer, acoustic current profilers, Conductivity-Temperature-Depth sensors and a vibrocorer. The aim of this campaign was to mobilise the main assets together with more experienced operators. @ Contact: oomteam@arditi.pt
- > Initiative 2 by OKEANOS (Azores): Development of innovative multisensory biologging tags (8 prototypes) for open-ocean ecological and physiological studies. @ Contact: Jorge Fontes and Rui Prieto, OKEANOS Institute and IMAR at the University of the Azores
- > Initiative 3 by CITEB (La Réunion): CITEB, IRD, and IFREMER performs large-scale electronic tagging of marine top predators tuna, billfishes and sharks, that provide basin-wide environmental information from the surface to deep waters on the track of these animals. @ Contact: contact@citeb.re



Test-bed demonstration platforms



The Azores, La Réunion, and Madeira offer a unique combination of controlled experimental facilities and real-world environments, enabling researchers to test and validate innovative monitoring approaches and technologies. These settings allow for the simulation of environmental and anthropogenic pressures under experimental, near-real, and real conditions, ensuring robust and scalable solutions.

- > Initiative 1 by OKEANOS (Azores): The Condor Seamount observatory at the Azores, an offshore marine protected area dedicated to research and conservation testing, including ecological recovery and restoration experiments. @ Contact: Gui Menezes, Eva Giacomello, Ana Colaço, Pedro Afonso, among others, OKEANOS Institute and IMAR at the University of the Azores
- > Initiative 2 by CITEB (La Réunion): In La Réunion, CITEB offers a humid experimental platform with small to large scale facilities (from aquarium to prey and fish ponds), enabling scientists and private companies to conduct experiments, @ Contact: contact@citeb.re
- > Initiative 3: MARE-Madeira runs a mesocosm facility, the Marine Organisms Stress Simulator, which allows researchers to simulate the impact of environmental conditions and anthropogenic pressures on marine organisms, in an experimental environment. @ **Contact**: <u>mare-madeira@mare-centre.pt</u>
- > Initiative 4: First steps to create a Free Technological Zone in Madeira, to allow public and private entities to test their assets, taking advantage of the easily accessible deep-sea in a sheltered marine area. Also, OOM is taking advantage of unused underwater fiber cables to monitor coastal environments using a DAS system (Distributed Acoustic Sensing). @ Contact: oomteam@arditi.pt



Sustainable Blue Economy



Considering the economic importance of blue economy and the magnitude of anthropic impacts on regional ecosystems, the Azores, Madeira and La Réunion develop knowledge and solutions to adapt human activities to preserve the integrity of such ecosystems and the associated services.

This includes expertise on sustainable harvest levels for marine resources, fisheries management measures, as well as more selective fishing techniques. The three regions are also involved in biotechnologies, providing expertise on the potential use of marine biodiversity, notably microalgae, and developping innovative tools to detect pollutants, emerging pathogens, and biotoxins in marine environments.

- Initiative 1 by CITEB (La Réunion): In La Réunion, the potential of microalgae from local biodiversity is being studied for the > development of biopesticides targeting pathogenic fungi that affect local fruit crops. @ Contact: alina.tunin-ley@citeb.re
- Initiative 2 by OOM (Madeira): OOM's outreach activities within the ARDITI's Educational Program, where researchers are > invited to give lectures to youngsters about their sea-related activities and studies, raising awareness to the importance of the ocean. @ Contact: oomteam@arditi.pt
- **Initiative 3 by OKEANOS (Azores):** Long-term monitoring programs of demersal, deep-sea and pelagic fisheries and scientific > advice to support decision under the implementation of the Comom Fisheries Policy. @ Contact: Gui Menezes, Régis Santos, Miguel Machete, among others, OKEANOS Institute and IMAR at the University of the Azores



Governance solutions for marine ecosystems



The Azores, Madeira and La Réunion have established large marine protected areas and have been working for decades on monitoring methodologies and evidence-based conservation policies and measures to handle potential use and interests conflicts. They notably developed expertise on maritime spatial planning and participatory approaches to design frameworks that combine long-term conservation and anthropic uses.

- > Initiative 1 by OOM (Madeira): OOM is providing technical advice regarding Ocean affairs such as marine protected areas or the impact of the ocean in coastal infrastructures. @ Contact: oomteam@arditi.pt
- > Initiative 2 by OKEANOS (Azores): Long-term support of Azores public governance and decision on marine conservation, spatial planning, fisheries and other human maritime activities. @ Contact: OKEANOS Institute and IMAR at the University of the Azores
- **Initiative 3 by OKEANOS (Azores)** Intense scientific-policy advisory to deep-sea-mining, maritime transportation, etc., and marine > conservation at global scales to UN agencies (i.e., ISA, IUCN, IMO, FAO, CBD), regional (e.g., ICES, OSPAR) and European entities and thematic working groups (JRC, MSFD), amonf other initiatives (DOSI, DOOS, Challeger 150, etc.) @ Contact: OKEANOS Institute and IMAR at the University of the Azores



Discover our expertise, solutions & resources













OKEANOS, Institute of Marine Sciences OKEANOS-UAC University of the Azores





UAc UNIVERSIDADE DOS AÇORES













Our missions



A Research and Innovation Unit classified as Excellent by the Portuguese Science and Technology Foundation in 2018 and 2025







Deep-sea environment

- Large scale exploration and habitat mapping
- Ecology, biogeography and spatial distributions of deep-sea Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems
- Taxonomy and biology of cold-water corals and sponges, including mesocosm studies at DeepSea Lab
- Impact of climate change on physiology, biodiversity, distribution and trophic ecology of deep-sea fauna (including commercial deep-sea fishes), through laboratory experiments and modelling.
- Impacts of human activities (fishing, deep-sea mining) in habitats integrity, species biodiversity, abundance and health, ecosystem functioning and services, through laboratory experiments, field work and ecological modelling.
- Trait based approaches for functional ecology and diversity of Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems on Azores MPA, MidAtlantic Ridge and Clarion Clipperton Zone.
- Developments on oceanic trophic ecology in the Azores region through stable isotopes analysis and ecological models.
- Biological and ecological connectivity pathways using hydrodynamic and connectivity models applied to Azores triple junction and other North Atlantic hydrothermal vent ecosystems.
- Temporal variation of deep-sea hydrothermal vents community composition at the Azores triple junction and nodule fields at Clarion Clipperton fracture Zone.







Open Ocean environment

- Synoptic 3D behaviour and physiology of migratory pelagic megafauna (cetaceans, marine turtles, seabirds, fishes, including sharks and manta rays) using biologging and genetic techniques
- Large scale migration processes and ecology of megafauna population dynamics, using tagging, satellite telemetry and optical technologies and ecological modelling.
- Trophic coupling and energy fluxes between predators and their [meso]pelagic preys Oceanographic drives and benthopelagic ecological coupling: influence of environmental parameters and oceanic geologic structures (i.e. seamounts) on micronekton and megafauna behaviour and ecology.
- Vulnerability of megafauna (cetaceans) to climate change









> Fisheries biology, monitoring and management

- Stock assessment modelling and development of holistic approaches for assessing and \bullet management small-scale fisheries
- Biological sustainability assessment of priority marine stocks in the Azores, optimizing • scientific knowledge for fisheries management.
- Recovery and restoration of a demersal deep-sea fish community after a fishery closure \bullet on Condor Seamount MPA and scientific observatory following six decades of intensive commercial fishery.
- Characterization of pelagic longline fishery in the Northeast Atlantic (target species; by- \bullet catch; fishing distribution and seasonality)
- Determination of impacts and risks of pelagic and demersal fisheries to shark populations. \bullet
- Fished deep-sea elasmobranchs diversity and distribution and mitigation of shark and \bullet rays by-catch using deterrent techniques.
- Scientific monitoring of fishery biology parameters and abundance data for stock • assessment of demersal commercial fishes.









> Ecotoxicology

- Studies on quality of commercial fish, supporting market value and promotion
- Determination of contaminants in commercial fish and the marine environment.

> Marine Litter

Evaluating trends and ecological risks of plastic pollution in remote oceanic islands by mapping and quantifying marine litter in coastal areas, deep-sea bottoms, epipelagic waters and biota (i.e., invertebrates, fish, seabirds and turtles)

Marine Biotechnologies >

- Characterizing microbial communities' diversity and functional genes in microbial metagenomes from deep-sea hydrothermal vent sediments in the Azores.
- Bioprospecting the application and valorisation of microbial communities associated to extreme environments, such as deepsea hydrothermal organisms and hydrothermal sediments.
- Application of omics tools to explore the deep-sea hydrothermal vent mussel Bathymodiolus azoricus to discover novel bioproducts such as genes, proteins, enzymes, biomaterials and macromolecules with potential interest for blue biotechnology

Aquaculture >

- Development of cultivation techniques for abalone and limpets (larval and post-larval stages).
- Development of invertebrate alternative feeding protocols using macro and micro algae.
- Promotion of an information exchange environment in ultra peripherical regions for sustainable invertebrate production techniques. \bullet







Distinctive assets for international cooperation

- A 50-year research institute in the heart of the North Atlantic, advancing marine > science and facilitating the access to deep-sea and open-ocean ecosystems
 - An oceanic hotspot in the North Atlantic, located at a tectonic triple junction and in an oceanographic ecotone between subtropical and temperate marine biomes.
 - A productive scientific team recognised for its expertise in deep-sea and open-ocean research.
 - A solid participation in Atlantic and global marine science and science-policy networks and initiatives.
- Large datasets of marine biodiversity data >
 - Several long-term monitoring programs on oceanic and costal fisheries and biodiversity.
- A key institution of a marine science and technology innovation ecosystem and > cluster
 - OKEANOS Institute
 - Azores Sea School
 - MARTEC technopole [in construction]
 - Oceanic research vessel [available in 2026]
 - Air Centre, among others





Key Facilities and Infrastructures

Laboratories

- Microbiology
- Genetics and Molecular Biology
- Ecotoxicology and Analytical Chemistry
- Biological Sampling
- Histology and Sclerochronology
- Oceanographic Instrumentation



DeepSea Lab

- A 12°C cold room with 5 independent chilled experimental aquarium systems (1* 2 aquariums, 200 I; 2 * 8 aquariums, 35 I and 1 * 170 I sump; 2 * 2 aquariums, 25 I and 1 * 170 I sump).
- Temperature and pH control. Dissolved oxygen, pH and salinity meters. High precision fibre optic oxygen meter. Precision underwater weighing scale.
- Supply: continuous flow system.
 Water filter and UV sterilizer.
 Refrigerated storage tank (410 l). 100
 I tanks with particles dosing pumps.
- IPOCAMP hyperbaric chamber (4000 m depth).



AquaLab

- Three cold rooms with 2 independent systems each (2 * 8 tanks 130 l; 18 tanks 50 l)
- Two cold rooms for microalgae production: Beckers to 5 I; Sleeves to 75 I; 3 * 4 tanks 130 I). Refrigerated storage tank (350 I),
- Eighteen outside tanks 60 l; 12 outside tanks 500 l. open continuous flow system.
- Supply: open continuous flow system.
 Water filter and UV sterilizer.
 Refrigerated storage tanks (3 * 350 l).
- Microscopy laboratory



Key Facilities and Infrastructures

- > A marine biological reference collection including a deep-sea hydrothermal bacteria collections and -80°C preserved tissue of marine fauna
- > Access to a 27 m Research Vessel for sea going research projects and fisheries monitoring programs. (owned by the Azores Government and managed by IMAR)

> Access to a 13 m Research Vessel for coastal research projects and monitoring projects (owned by the Azores Government and managed by IMAR)

> Two open RIBs and one fiberglass vessels for coastal research projects and monitoring projects







Human resources

46 researchers 27 technicians 32 phd student / 2024 22 Msc student / 2024







Collaborative Networks

- > CIBIO / Biopolis
- > CIIMAR
- > CCMAR
- > FCUL
- > CESAM
- > UNL
- > IPMA
- > EMEPC
- > ARDIT
- > Museu da Baleia
- > Air Centre
- > Instituto Hidrográfico

National

- > GEOMAR
- Hellenic Centre for Marine Research
- > IFREMER: L'Institut Français de Recherche pour l'Exploitation de la Mer
- > Instituto Español de Oceanografía
- > NIOZ Royal Netherlands Institute for Sea Research
- > Universitat de Barcelona
- > University of Florida
- > University of Hawaii at Manoa
- > Universidade Federal de S Paulo
- > VLIZ

Atlantic Ocean (selected)



EMBRC EMSO OTN Interridge DOSI Challenger 150 DOOS

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European & global networks ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

OSPAR ICES

IMO ISA COI - UNESCO CBD IUCN GESAMP UNDOSSD

Regional & global



Major projects (selected)

| REDRESS Restoration of deep-sea habitats to rebuild European Seas | 2024-2028 | 256 950 € by Horizon |
|---|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| MapGES2 Caracterização dos habitats de profundidade, com vista ao seu mapeamento até ao limite exterior da subárea dos Açores da zona económica exclusiva portugues | 2023 | 2 644 798 By REACT provision) |
| OceanICU Ocean-ICU Improving Carbon Understanding | 2023-2027 | 156 562 € by Horizon |
| INNOVATE The importance of the twilight-zone for oceanic sharks and rays in a changing oceanto rebuild | 2025-2028 | 86 704 € By Save O |
| MarineBeacon Monitoring and elimination of bycatch of endangered and conserved species in the NE and high seas Atlantic region | 2023-2028 | 859 441 € by Horizon |



(OKEANOS grant) 1 Europe

EU through Azores Government (service

(OKEANOS grant) n Europe

ur Seas Foundation

n Europe





Technical Center for research and La Réunion des MILIEUX AQUATIQUES VALORISATION des MILIEUX AQUATIQUES















Our missions

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Developing research projects focused on marine and aquatic ecosystems, biodiversity, and their sustainable management

Providing expertise in sampling, fieldwork, and laboratory analysis for public and private organizations, ensuring high-quality data collection and interpretation

Fostering innovation in the Blue Economy by supporting companies in their growth, facilitating technology transfer, and identifying new economic opportunities

La Reunion





> Fisheries Support

- Research on habitat and behavioral patterns of target species
- Development of innovative and sustainable fishing techniques
- Scientific monitoring through sea-going observers
- Endangered species conservation projects (pelagic sharks post-release survival studies, sea turtles)

> Marine environments

- Environmental monitoring of coastal waters (water quality, plastic waste, pollutants)
- Studies and monitoring of phytoplankton
- Development of new bioindicators
- Ecotoxicity testing on tropical organisms (corals, etc.)

Marine Biotechnologies & Aquaculture

• Microalgae & biotechnologies: collection, screening, production & bioactivity studies

• Advancing tropical freshwater aquaculture and experimental marine fish farming







Distinctive assets for international cooperation

Living lab for studying impacts in tropical context

- Fringing coral reef subject to the influence of the watershed, increasing urbanization and natural pertubations
- Remote island in a highly oligotrophic oceanic system

Unique Microalgae Collection from SW Indian Ocean

- Microalgae biotechnologies: screening, production & bioactivity studies
- Development and valorization of the **PHYTOBANK** microalgae collection

Access to South West of Indian ocean and southern ocean

Fisheries expertise and long-term monitoring using hi-tech equipment >

Tropical aquaculture

Advancing tropical freshwater aquaculture and experimental marine fish farming





Key Facilities and Infrastructures

Experimental platform in Le Port :



- > Microalgae production lab
 - ullet
 - ullet
- - •
 - \bullet
 - \bullet
 - \bullet



Climatic chamber with programming temperature and luminosity options (for experiments) Pilote volumes of 300 L (cylindro-conicals) > Aquaculture/Fisheries production lab • 500L ponds and 200L aquariums 2 m3 / 8 m3 ponds / 20 m3 ponds 50 m3 ponds in thermostable room Rectangular basin of 15 m3 cylindro-conicals for prey production > Upcoming facilities for coral production & conservation > Possibility of access to freshwater production test ponds



Key Facilities and Infrastructures

Chemistry & Biotech labs at CYROI :



- activities
- room



> Access to Biology lab, Chemistry lab, Hydrology lab for water quality, biotoxins and biology

> Microalgae collection in controlled temperature

> Microalgae lab for strains maintenance and production test from small volume to 50L



Human resources

Multidisciplinary team: CITEB brings together versatile experts from various domains

Dr Jean TURQUET

Technical manager

5 researchers 3 technicians Phd & Msc students



Dr Alina TUNIN-LEY Researcher in Marine biology Head of biotechnologies



Dr Perrine MANGION Researcher in marine ecology and biogeochemistry Head of Environment research









Dr Evgeny ROMANOV Researcher... **Head of Fisheries**



Fanny MAILLOT Technician

Yoann VAÏTILINGOM **Technician**

Salomé KETHIB **Fisheries projects** manager





Hugues VITRY Service agent



Collaborative Networks

- Institut Bleu, promoting research, innovation and transfer to professional players in the maritime ecosystem
- ENTROPIE, Marine ecology
 Joint research Unit between
 University of La Reunion & IRD
- > CYROI platform for Biotech research
- > Blue Economy Cluster
- Kélonia (Turtles) and Globice (Whales) Conservation organizations
- French institute for Sea research IFREMER

Local & National

- Darwin Aquaculture Centre (Australia),
- > IHSM (Fisheries and Marine Sciences Institute in Madagascar),
- > INAQUA (Mozambique),
- > Albion Research Centre (Mauritius)
- Western Indian Ocean Marine Science Association
- Indian Ocean Tuna
 Commission (IOTC)
- > IUCN SSG Indian Ocean

Indian Ocean





EU level



Recent projects

DEMARRE Marine Debris Evaluation and Monitoring in Réunion

2021-2023

2021-2023

357 744 €

DEMARRE aims to assess and monitor marine debris around Réunion Island, implementing European protocols adapted to local contexts. The project seeks to establish sustainable monitoring in line with EU recommendations. Partners: Biorécif, Université de La Réunion, IFREMER, Réserve marine de La Réunion, Kélonia

DECAPOT **Diversity of cephalopods, characteristics of** their populations in the pelagic ecosystem around Reunion Island and evaluation of their fisheries potential

DECAPOT evaluates the diversity of cephalopods in Reunion Island waters, identifying rare and emblematic species, evaluate the importance of Reunion Island waters as a key habitat for these species, improves knowledge of the biology and ecology of the main cephalopod species, in particular to describe their life cycle and their place and role in food webs, to evaluate the fishery potential of common and abundant species, in particular for the development of a small-scale squid fishing focusing on diversification of fisheries and increasing the range of seafood products Partner: Université de La Réunion.

POMARUN

2019-2021

209 149 €

The PHYTOBANK is a collection of over 300 microalgae strains, both marine and freshwater, sourced from various ecosystems in Réunion and the Indian Ocean. The project aims to assess the biotchnological potential of microalgae for diverse applications by exploring their biological properties. Partners : CYROI, CIRAD



National and regional funds

ERDF / Regional Council of La Reunion

ERDF / Regional Council of La Reunion





Oceanic Observatory of Madeira



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Oceanic Observatory of Madeira - 00M



Madeira







- Physical Oceanography ocean dynamics, currents, and environmental > conditions.
- **Chemical Oceanography –** ocean chemistry and biogeochemical cycles. >
- Geophysics & Atmospheric Physics ocean-atmosphere interactions > and subsurface geological processes.
- Informatics & Engineering support for oceanographic instruments and > data processing.
- Marine Machinery & Robotics maintenance and development of > oceanographic equipment.
- Marine Biology biological expertise on marine ecosystems and > biodiversity assessments.







Distinctive assets for international cooperation (1012)

Offshore and deep-sea exploration in the European blue economy Strategic Geographic Location: Madeira sits in the ultra-deep Atlantic, providing easy access to one of •

- the least explored deep ocean regions.
- Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) of 446,108 km

Data Connectivity & Global Monitoring

- Starlink, SATCOM, UHF/4G for real-time remote operations over long distances.
- Over-the-horizon operations allow researchers from different parts of the world to access and collaborate on data collection missions

Advanced Autonomous & Modular Technologies

- Long-range Autonomous Underwater Vehicles (AUVs)
- Remotely Operated Vehicles (ROVs)
- Distributed Acoustic Sensing (DAS)
- Smart Sensor Networks





Distinctive assets for international cooperation (2012)

- Comprehensive and Multidisciplinary Expertise: OOM brings together a multidisciplinary team > covering physical and chemical oceanography, geophysics, atmospheric physics, informatics and engineering, marine machinery, robotics, and marine biology. This breadth of expertise enables OOM to contribute to diverse and complex research initiatives.
- Robust Data Management and Technological Tools: Databases and Servers (such as the > CetFotoID for cetacean studies and the THREDDS server for oceanographic data); Mobile and Digital **Tools** (apps like MadeiraWeather, MadeiraOcean, and MadeiraFish enhance accessibility and community engagement); Forecasting and Monitoring Systems (Provide insights into atmospheric, oceanic, and biogeochemical dynamics).
- Field Campaign Experience: Conducts regular oceanographic campaigns with international partners, > ensuring hands-on experience with diverse methodologies and environments.
- Scientific Contributions and Reporting: Regularly publishes scientific papers and technical reports, > contributing to global marine science knowledge and policy development.
- Advanced Research Infrastructure: see "Key Facilities and Infrastructures." >



Key Facilities and Infrastructures (1013)

Modular and autonomous technologies for off-shore and deep-sea Observation









Key Facilities and Infrastructures (2013) **Headquarters and Operational Center:**



(List of equipment)

- > CTD



> DriX autonomous surface vehicle, equipped with advanced instruments such as a Konsgberg EM712 multibeam echosounder, Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler (ADCP), Conductivity-Temperature-Depth (CTD) sensor, and a Global Acoustic Positioning System (GAPS). Its capabilities in hydrographic and oceanographic data collection are pivotal for comprehensive marine studies.

(Conductivity-Temperature-Depth) Profiler: Essential for monitoring water quality through vertical profiling, this equipment measures parameters like temperature, salinity, pressure, dissolved oxygen, pH, turbidity, chlorophyll-a, and Photosynthetically Active Radiation (PAR) up to 500 meters deep.

> ROV R7: equipped with an articulated arm, ready to carry out operations at depths of up to 300 meters.



Key Facilities and Infrastructures (3 of 3) **Headquarters and Operational Center:**



(List of equipment)

- sampling / water quality analysis).
- submarine cable up to 125 km.



> Ocean physics: "WireWalker" autonomous (drifting) oceanographic platform that uses the wave to profile the water column vertically + **Drifting buoys and radiosonde**.

> Biogeochemical mapping: Ferrybox + Rosette (for water

> optoDAS (Distributed Acoustic Sensing) to extract oceanographic (e.g. waves) and seismic data using a

> "Observatory-I" 10m rigid boat, equipped with two sidemounted poles to attach sensor equipment.

> Multipurpose research vessel under construction (2027).



Human resources

OOM multidisciplinary team gathers skilled experts from diverse fields:



RUI CALDEIRA DIRECTOR | PHYSICAL OCEONOGRAPHY



ARACELIS RAJNAUTH TECHNICIAN | PHD STUDENT | CHEMICAL OCEANOGRAPHY



GONÇALO BARROS TECHNICIAN | MARINE MACHINERY ENGINEERING



PHDI PHYSICAL OCEONOGRAPHY AND ATMOSPHERE



CÁTIA AZEVEDO PHD STUDENT| PHYSICAL OCEANOGRAPHY



PEDRO GÓIS TECHNICIAN | ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING



CAROLINE FERREIRA PHD | PHYSICAL OCEONOGRAPHY



CLÁUDIO CARDOSO PHD STUDENT| PHYSICAL OCEONOGRAPHY



RICARDO FARIA TECHNICIAN | MECHANICAL ENGINEERING



CARLOS LUCAS PHD | COMPUTER ENGINEERING



JESUS REIS PHD STUDENT | PHYSICAL OCEONOGRAPHY



RICARDO JOSÉ TECHNICIAN | MARINE BIOLOGY







AFONSO LOUREIRO PHD | GEOPHYSICS



LILIANA FREITAS MSC STUDENT | CHEMICAL OCEANOGRAPHY



RUI VIERA TECHNICIAN | ELECTROTECHNICAL ENGINEERING



RITA FERREIRA PHD | MARINE BIOLOGY



ALEXANDRA ROSA TECHNICIAN | CHEMICAL OCEANOGRAPHY



MARTINHO ALMEIDA COLLABORATOR | PHYSICS OF THE ATMOSPHERE



Collaborative Networks

- Hydrographic Institute of the Portuguese Navy
- > UMa University of Madeira
- > INESC-TEC
- > FCT
- > AIR Centre (PT)
- > S2AquaColab (PT)
- > Marismar (aquaculture)
- CEAM (Center for Studies in Modern and Contemporary Archaeology)

Local & National

All-Atlantic Ocean Research and Innovation Alliance

>

Atlantic Ocean







Major projects (10f2)

| <u>SUBMERSE (https://submerse.eu/)</u> SUBMarine cablEs for ReSearch and Exploration | 2023-2026 | 9 744 100,00 by Horizon E | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| SUBMERSE: Utilize existing submarine cables for Earth monitoring, rep infrastructure to enhance research capabilities without additional seabed Coordinator: European Future Innovation System Centre (BE) | | | | | |
| REMORA (https://remora.arditi.pt/) Small Fishes in a Big Pond | 2024-2027 | 1 189 528,75 by Horizon E | | | |
| REMORA will strengthen competitive internationalization strategy, guiding synergies. Coordinator: ARDITI (PT) | eness, strategic position other R&I organizations | ning, and EU s in outermo | | | |

MCIS (https://oom.arditi.pt/)2025-2026159 650,00 €Madeira Coastal Insight Serviceby Mercator Ocean | Copernicus Marine Services

MCIS will take advantage of OOM/ARDITI technologies and methodologies to provide comprehensive monitoring, focusing on the physical and biogeochemical aspects of coastal waters, using high-resolution numerical models, remote sensing and in-situ observations to provide detailed data on the quality of coastal waters. Coordinator: ARDITI (PT)





purposing current equipment and ed hardware.

5 € Europe

J network connections through a joint ost and convergence regions towards



Major projects (2012)

RedBEAM (https://oom.arditi.pt/)

2024-2028

2 474 489,60 €

The objective of the RedBEAM project is to create a distributed Hub of testbeds for the development, testing and validation of emerging and disruptive ocean technologies in the Macaronesia and West Africa region.

Coordinator: Consorcio para el Diseño, Construcción, Equipamiento y Explotación de la Plataforma Oceánica de Canarias (ES)

The Recovery and Resilience 20 000 000,00 € 2024-2026 Facility (RRF)

Project Description: The investment will consist of the construction of an energy-efficient multipurpose research vessel, intended for research and training in shallow waters around the islands of the Madeira archipelago and in the open sea. It will also include the acquisition of three unmanned autonomous vehicles in order to allow for a greater number of days at sea in the North Atlantic for marine research purposes, as well as the collection of high-quality acoustic data compared to other traditional research methods.



by MAC Interreg 2021-2027

by Next Generation EU | European Commission

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